# Progressive Education Society's Modern College of Arts, Science and Commerce, Shivajinagar, Pune 5

(An Autonomous College Affiliated to Savitribai Phule Pune University)

# **Syllabus**

# **M.Sc. (Mathematics)**

# (2019-20 Course)

(witheffectfrom 2019-20)

## **CIA:**Continuous Internal Evaluation

Semester	1 (	Part I)
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			1				
Course Type	Course Code	Course / Paper Title	Hours / Week	Credit	CIA	End Sem Exam	Total
CCT-1	19ScMatP101	Real Analysis	5	4	40	60	100
CCT-2	19ScMatP102	Advanced Calculus	5	4	40	60	100
CCT-3	19ScMatP103	Group Theory	5	4	40	60	100
CCT-4	19ScMatP104	Numerical Analysis	5	4	40	60	100
		Elective – I (Any one of the followin	g two)				
DCED 1	19ScMatP105	Ordinary Differential Equations	5	4	40	60	100
DSEP-1	19ScMatP106	Graph Theory					
Extra Credit Courses							
AECCT-1	19CpCysP101	Cyber Security-I	1	1	-	-	25
AECCT-2	19CpHrtP102	Human Rights-I	1	1	-	-	25
		Total	27	22			

# Semester 2 (Part I)

Course Type	Course Code	Course / Paper Title	Hours / Week	Credit	CIA	End Sem Exam	Total
CCT-5	19ScMatP201	Complex Analysis	5	4	40	60	100
CCT-6	19ScMatP202	General Topology	5	4	40	60	100
CCT-7	19ScMatP203	Ring Theory	5	4	40	60	100
CCT-8	19ScMatP204	Linear Algebra	5	4	40	60	100
		Elective – II (Any one of the following	ng two)				
DCED 2	19ScMatP205	Partial Differential Equations	5	4	40	60	100
DSEP-2	19ScMatP206	Integral Equations and Transforms					
Extra Credit Courses							
AECCT-3	19CpCysP201	Cyber Security-II	1	1	-	-	25
AECCT-4	19CpHrtP202	Human Rights-II	1	1	-	-	25
		Total	27	22			

# Course Code: 19ScMatP101 Course Name: Real Analysis

Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week

**Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks** 

**Prerequisites:** 

• Measure theory on real numbers, Exterior measure, Lebesgue measure, Measurable sets.

#### Course Objectives: To study

- Measure theory on a set
- Cantor Set
- Lebesgue integration theory
- Differentiation of functions on R<sup>n</sup>

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Find exterior measure and Lebesgue measure
- Check measurability of sets
- Find differentiation and integration of functions on R<sup>n</sup>

#### **Course Contents:**

Chapter 1	Measure Theory	16 TH + 4 TUT
	Exterior measure	
	• Measurable sets	
	Cantor set	
	Lebesgue measure	
	Measurable functions	
Chapter 2	Integration Theory	16 TH + 4 TUT
	• The Lebesgue integral	
	Basic properties and convergence	
	theorems	
	• The space L <sup>1</sup> of integrable functions	
	• Fubini's theorem.	
Chapter 3	Differentiation and Integration	15 TH + 4 TUT
	• Differentiation of the integral	
	• Good Kernels and approximation to the	
	identity	

Credit: 04

End-Sem: 50 Marks

	• Differentiation of functions on R <sup>n</sup>	
Guidance/Discussion on course specific experiential learning through field work		1 TH
	TOTAL	60 = 48  TH + 12  TUT

- 1. Real Analysis by Elias M. Stein and RamiShakharchi, Princeton University Press, 2005.
- 2. Real Analysis by H. Royden, Prentice Hall (Fourth edition), 2010.
- 3. Principles of Mathematical Analysis by W. R

# Course Code: 19ScMatP102 Course Name: Advanced Calculus

Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week

Credit: 04

**Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks** 

End-Sem: 50 Marks

#### Prerequisites:

Derivative, Integration, Scalar field, Vector field,

### Course Objectives: To study

- Derivative of scalar and vector field
- First and second fundamental theorems of calculus for line integrals
- Double integrals and Green's theorem
- Stokes' theorem and Divergence theorem
- Inverse function theorem and Implicit function theorem

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Find area of the surface using double integration
- Find volume of the surface using double integration
- Find curl and divergence of a vector field
- Find directional derivative and gradient of a scalar field

Chapter 1	Differential Calculus of Scalar and Vector Fields	11 TH + 3 TUT
	• Derivative of scalar field with respect	
	to a vector	
	• Directional derivative	
	• Gradient of scalar field	
	• Derivative of a vector field	
	• Matrix form of chain rule	
	• Inverse function theorem	
	• Implicit function theorem	
Chapter 2	Line Integrals	12 TH + 3 TUT
	• Path and line integrals	
	• Work as a line integral	
	• Independence of path	

	<ul> <li>The first and second fundamental theorem of calculus</li> <li>Necessary condition for a vector field to be a gradient</li> </ul>	
Chapter 3	Multiple Integrals	12 TH + 3 TUT
	<ul> <li>Double integrals</li> <li>Applications to area and volume</li> <li>Green's theorem in the plane</li> <li>Change of variables in a double integral</li> <li>Transformation formula</li> <li>Change of variables in an n-fold integral</li> </ul>	
Chapter 4	Surface Integrals	12 TH + 3 TUT
	<ul> <li>The fundamental vector product</li> <li>Area of a parametric surface</li> <li>Surface integrals</li> <li>The theorem of Stokes</li> <li>The curl and divergence of a vector field</li> <li>Gauss divergence theorem</li> <li>Applications of the divergence theorem</li> </ul>	
Guidance/Discussion or through field work	n course specific experiential learning	1 TH
	TOTAL	60= 48TH + 12 TUT

- 1. Calculus Vol.II by T.M. Apostol, Wiley Student Edition (Second Edition), 2002.
- 2. Principles of Mathematical Analysis by W. Rudin, McGraw Hill, 1964.
- 3. Mathematical Analysis by S.C. Malik and Savita Arora, New Age International Private Limited (Fifth Edition), 2017.

Course Code: 19ScMatP103 Course Name: Group Theory

#### Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week

Credit: 04

End-Sem: 50 Marks

#### **Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks**

#### **Prerequisites:**

- Definition and examples of groups.
- Types of groups.

#### Course Objectives:-To Study

- Groups and subgroups.
- Symmetries of square.
- Cyclic groups, Permutation groups, Normal subgroups and Quotient groups.
- Homomorphism and Isomorphism between groups.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Find number of groups up to isomorphism.
- Find homomorphism and isomorphism between groups.
- Identify symmetries in the object.

Chapter 1	Groups and Subgroups	9 TH +2 TUT
	Groups	
	Group of matrices	
	• Symmetries of a square, The dihedral	
	groups, The rotation group of a cube	
	<ul> <li>Elementary properties of groups</li> </ul>	
	Subgroups	
	Subgroup tests	
Chapter 2	Cyclic Groups	8TH +2TUT
	Cyclic groups	
	<ul> <li>Properties of cyclic groups</li> </ul>	
	Classification of subgroups of cyclic	
	groups	
Chapter 3	Permutation Groups	8TH + 2 TUT
	Permutation groups	

	• Properties of permutation groups	
	Cycle notation	
Chapter 4	Group Homomorphism and Isomorphism	8TH + 2 TUT
	Homomorphism and Isomorphism of	
	Groups	
	<ul> <li>Properties of homomorphism,</li> </ul>	
	isomorphism and automorphism	
	• The first isomorphism theorem	
	<ul> <li>Cosets and Lagranges theorem</li> </ul>	
	• Cayley's theorem	
Chapter 5	External and Internal Direct Products	8 TH +2 TUT
	• External direct product, Internal direct	
	product	
	• Properties of external direct product	
	and internal direct product	
	<ul> <li>Normal subgroups and Factor groups</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Applications of Factor groups</li> </ul>	
	• The fundamental theorem of finite	
	abelian group	
Chapter 6	Sylow Theorems	6TH +2 TUT
	<ul> <li>Conjugacy classes</li> </ul>	
	• The class equation	
	• Probability that two elements	
	commute	
	• The Sylow theorems	
	• Application of the Sylow theorems	
	ourse specific experiential learning	1 TH
through field work	TOTAL	60=48 TH + 12 TUT
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- 1. Contemporary Abstract Algebra by Joseph Gallian, Richard Stratton (Seventh edition), 2010.
- 2. Topics in Algebra by I.N.Herstein, John Wiley and Sons(Second edition), 1975.
- 3. Abstract Algebra by Dummit and Foote, John Wiley and Sons(Third edition), 2003.
- 4. A First Course in Abstract Algebra by John B. Fraleigh, Pearson Education, 2003.

# Course Code: 19ScMatP104 Course Name: Numerical Analysis

**Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week** 

Credit: 04

**Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks** 

End-Sem: 50 Marks

#### **Prerequisites:**

Roots of equation, System of linear and nonlinear equations, Integration and Differentiation, Eigenvalues and eigenvectors, First order and first-degree differential equation

#### Course Objectives: To study

- Methods of finding real roots
- Numerical methods for finding solution of system of linear and nonlinear equations
- Methods of obtaining eigenvalues and eigenvectors of matrices numerically
- Numerical differentiation and integration

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Find real roots of algebraic and transcendental equations
- Understand numerical methods to solve system of linear and nonlinear equations
- Find eigenvalues and eigenvectors of matrices numerically
- Find differentiation and integration numerically
- Understand method to solve differential equations

Chapter 1	Root Finding Methods	8 TH + 2 TUT
	<ul> <li>Convergence</li> <li>Fixed point iteration scheme</li> <li>Newton's method</li> <li>Secant method</li> <li>Accelerating convergence</li> </ul>	
Chapter 2	System of Equations	11 TH + 3 TUT

	<ul> <li>Formation of system of equations</li> <li>Gaussian elimination method</li> <li>Pivoting strategies</li> <li>Error estimates and condition number</li> <li>LU decomposition</li> <li>Direct factorization</li> <li>Iterative techniques for linear systems</li> <li>Nonlinear system of equations</li> </ul>	
Chapter 3	Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors	9 TH + 2 TUT
	<ul> <li>The power method</li> <li>The inverse power method</li> <li>Reduction to symmetric tridiagonal form</li> <li>Eigenvalues of symmetric tridiagonal matrices</li> </ul>	
Chapter 4	Differentiation and Integration	10 TH + 3 TUT
	<ul> <li>Numerical differentiation using Lagrange's interpolating polynomial</li> <li>Numerical integration</li> <li>Newton's- Cotes quadrature</li> <li>Composite Newton's-Cotes quadrature</li> </ul>	
Chapter 5	Initial Value Problems of Ordinary Differential Equation	9 TH + 2 TUT
	<ul> <li>Euler's Method</li> <li>Runge-Kutta Methods</li> <li>Multistep Methods</li> <li>Convergence and stability analysis</li> </ul>	
Guidance/Discussion on co through field work	ourse specific experiential learning	1 TH
	TOTAL	60 = 48 TH + 12 TUT

1. A friendly introduction to Numerical Analysis byBrian Bradie, Prentice Hall ,2007.

2. An introduction to Numerical Analysis by K. E. Atkinson, John Wiley and Sons (Second edition), 1978.

# Course Code: 19ScMatP105 Course Name: Ordinary Differential Equations

Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week

Credit: 04

**Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks** 

End-Sem: 50 Marks

#### **Prerequisites:**

Derivative, Integration, Homogeneous differential equations of first order, Exact differential equations, Integrating factors.

#### Course Objectives: To study

- Second order linear differential equations
- Qualitative properties of solutions
- Power series solutions of first and second order linear differential equations
- System of first order and first degree differential equations
- Non linear differential equations
- Existence and uniqueness of solutions of differential equations

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Find general solutions of homogeneous and non-homogeneous differential equations
- Find normal form of differential equations
- Find solutions of differential equations using power series
- Find critical points of differential equations and check for stability of differential equations.

Chapter 1	Second order linear equations	8 TH + 2 TUT
	• The general solution of homogeneous equation	
	• The use of known solution to find another	
	• Homogeneous equations with constant coefficients	
	• The method of undermined coefficients	
	• The method of variation of parameters	
Chapter 2	Qualitative properties of solutions	8 TH + 2 TUT
	• Sturm separation theorem	
	Normal form	
	Standard form	

	Sturm's comparison theorem	
Chapter 3	Power series solutions	7 TH + 2 TUT
	• Review of power series	
	• Series solutions of first order equations	
	• Second order linear equations	
	• Ordinary points and regular singular	
	points	
	Indicial equations	
	Gauss hypergeometric equations	
	• The point at infinity	
Chapter 4	Systems of first order equations	8 TH + 2 TUT
	• General remarks on systems	
	• Linear systems	
	• Homogeneous linear systems with	
	constant coefficients	
	Non linear systems	
	Volterra's Prey-Predator equations	
Chapter 5	Non-linear equations	8 TH + 2 TUT
	<ul> <li>Autonomous systems</li> </ul>	
	Critical points	
	• Stability	
	<ul> <li>Liapunov's direct method</li> </ul>	
	Nonlinear mechanics	
	Conservative systems	
Chapter 6	The existence and uniqueness of	8 TH + 2 TUT
	solutions	
	• The method of successive	
	approximations	
	Picard's Theorem	
	• Systems	
	• The second order linear equations	
	ourse specific experiential learning	1 TH
through field work	TOTAL	60-48 TU + 10TUT
	IUIAL	60=48 TH + 12TUT

1. Differential equations with applications and historical notes by G. F. Simmons, Mc-Graw Hill (Second edition), 2003.

2. An introduction to differential equations and their applications by Stanley J. Farlow, Mc-Graw Hill, 1994.

3. Ordinary and partial differential equations by M. D. Raisinghania, S. Chand and Co. (18<sup>th</sup> Edition), 1976.

Course Code: 19ScMatP106 Course Name: Graph Theory

#### **Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week**

Credit: 04

End-Sem: 50 Marks

#### **Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks**

#### **Prerequisites:**

- Graphs.
- Types of graphs.

#### Course Objectives: To Study

- Various types of graphs such as Eulerian graphs, Hamiltonion graphs, etc.
- Trees, Planarity and duality of graphs, Colouring of graphs.
- Digraphs, Tournaments.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Apply Euler's formula for planar graphs.
- Understand Eulerian digraphs and tournaments.
- Understand applications of Hall'stheorem.

Chapter 1	Definitions and examples	10 TH + 3 TUT
	• Introduction	
	• Examples of graphs	
	• Embedding of graphs	
	• Eulerian graphs	
	Hamiltonian graphs	
Chapter 2	Trees, planarity and duality	12 TH +3 TUT
	• Definition and elementary properties of	
	trees	
	• The enumeration of trees	
	Planar graphs	
	• Euler's formula for plane graphs	
	• Graphs on other surfaces	
	• Dual graphs	
	• Infinite graphs	

Chapter 3	The colouring of graphs	10 TH +2 TUT
	• The chromatic number	
	• The proof of Brook's theorem	
	• The colouring of maps	
	Edge-colouring	
	Chromatic polynomial	
Chapter 4	Digraphs	6 TH +2 TUT
	Digraphs	
	• Eulerian digraphs and tournaments	
	Markov chains	
Chapter 5	Matching, marriage and Menger's	9 TH +2 TUT
	theorem	
	Hall's marriage theorem	
	• Transversal theory	
	<ul> <li>Applications of Hall's theorem</li> </ul>	
	• Menger's theorem	
	Network flows	
	ourse specific experiential learning	1 TH
through field work		
	TOTAL	60=48 TH + 12TUT

- 1. Introduction to graph theory by R. J. Wilson, Pearson (Third edition), 2003.
- 2. A first look at Graph Theory by John Clarke and D. A. Holton, Allied Publisher, 1991.
- 3. Graph Theory by Harary, Narosa Publishers, 1989.

# Course Code: 19ScMatP201 Course Name: Complex Analysis

**Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week** 

**Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks** 

Prerequisites: Basic concepts of complex numbers.

Course objectives: To Study

- Cauchy's theorem
- Meromorphic functions
- Bilinear Transformation

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Find integral value of meromorphic functions
- Find radius of convergence, poles and residues
- Find mapping between two complex functions

#### **Course Contents:**

Chapter 1	Preliminaries to complex numbers	11 TH + 3 TUT
	• Complex number and the complex plane	
	Basic properties	
	Convergence	
	• Sets in the complex plane	
	• Functions on the complex plane	
	Continuous functions	
	Holomorphic functions	
	Power series	
	<ul> <li>Integration along curves</li> </ul>	
Chapter 2	Cauchy's theorem and its applications	14 TH + 4 TUT
	• Goursat's theorem	
	• Local existance of primitives and	
	Cauchy's theorem in a disk	
	• Evaluation of some integrals	
	• Further applications	
	Morera's theorem	
	• Sequences of holomorphic functions	

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End-Sem: 50 Marks

Credit: 04

Chapter 3	<ul> <li>Holomorphic functions defined in terms of integral</li> <li>Schwartz reflection principle</li> <li>Runge's approximation theorem.</li> <li>Moromorphicfunctions and the logarithm</li> <li>Zeros and poles</li> <li>The residue formula and its examples</li> <li>Singularities and meromorphic functions</li> <li>The argument principle and applications</li> <li>Homotopies and simply connected domain</li> <li>The complex logarithm</li> </ul>	14 TH + 3 TUT
	<ul> <li>The complex logarithm</li> <li>Fourier series and harmonic functions</li> </ul>	
Chapter 4	Bilinear transformation and mappings	8 TH + 2TUT
	<ul><li>Basic mappings</li><li>Linear fractional transformations</li></ul>	
Guidance/Discussion through field work	on course specific experiential learning	1 TH
	TOTAL	60= 48 TH + 12 TUT

- 1. Complex Analysis by E.Stein and R.Shakharchi, Princeton University Press, 2003.
- 2. Foundations of Complex Analysis by S. Ponnusamy, Alpha Science International Ltd. (Second Edition), 2005.

# Course Code: 19ScMatP202 Course Name: General Topology

Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week

**Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks** 

Prerequisites: Set theory, Metric spaces

Course Objectives: To study

- Countable and uncountable sets
- Basis and types of topology
- Connectedness and compactness
- Countability and separation axiom
- Tychonoff theorem

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Check countability of a set
- Compare the topologies
- Check continuity of a function
- Check connectedness and compactness of spaces
- Find limit points and closure of a set
- Check normality and regularity of spaces

#### **Course Contents:**

Chapter 1	Countable and uncountable sets	8 TH + 2TUT
	• Infinite sets,	
	• The axiom of choice	
	Continuum hypothesis	
	• Well-ordered sets	
	• The maximum principle	
Chapter 2	Topological spaces and continuous	8 TH + 2TUT
	functions	

Credit: 04

End-Sem: 50 Marks

	Basis of topology	
	• Order topology	
	Continuous functions	
	Product topology	
	Metric topology	
	Quotient topology	
Chapter 3	Connectedness and compactness	11 TH + 3TUT
	Connected spaces	
	Components and local connectedness	
	Compact spaces	
	Limit point compactness	
	Local compactness	
	One-point compactness	
Chapter 4	Countability and separation axioms	12 TH + 3TUT
	• The countability axiom	
	Separation axiom	
	Normal spaces	
	• The Urysohn lemma	
	• The Urysohnmetrization theorem	
	• The Tietze extension theorem	
Chapter 5	Tychonoffspaces	8 TH+ 2TUT
	Tychonoff theorem	
	• Completely regular spaces	
Guidance/Discussion o through field work	n course specific experiential learning	1 TH
	TOTAL	60 = 48TH + 12TUT

- 1. Topology: A first course by J. R. Munkres, Pearson (Second edition), 1999.
- 2. Topology by J. Dugundji, Allyn and Bacon, Boston, 1966.

Course Code: 19ScMatP203 Course Name: Ring Theory

Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week

Credit: 04

#### **Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks**

#### **Prerequisites:**

- Definition and examples of rings
- Vector spaces

#### Course Objectives: To Study

- Various types of rings such as polynomial ring, Boolean ring, etc.
- Integral domains, Fields, Principal ideal domains, Unique factorization domains and Modules

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Find number of rings, subrings, ideals, integral domains, fields up to isomorphism.
- Check reduciability and irreduciability of polynomials
- Find homomorphism and isomorphism between rings
- Identify modules

#### **Course Contents:**

Chapter 1	Rings	10 TH +3 TUT
	<ul> <li>Rings, Opposite rings, Integral Domains, Fields</li> <li>Ring of matrices, Boolean rings.</li> <li>Polynomial rings: Power series rings, Laurent series rings</li> </ul>	
Chapter 2	Ideals	12 TH +3 TUT
	<ul> <li>Ideals</li> <li>Maximal ideal, Minimal ideal, Prime ideal, Principal ideal</li> <li>Relation between ideals, Integral domains and fields</li> </ul>	
Chapter 3	<ul> <li>Homomorphism and isomorphism of rings</li> <li>Homomorphism and isomorphism of rings</li> <li>Properties of homomorphism and</li> </ul>	7 TH +2 TUT

End-Sem: 50 Marks

Chapter 4	<ul> <li>isomorphism</li> <li>Fundamental theorems</li> <li>Endomorphism rings</li> <li>Fields of fractions</li> <li>Prime fields</li> <li>Integral domains</li> <li>Euclidean domains</li> </ul>	8 TH +2 TUT
Chapter 5	<ul> <li>Principal ideal domains</li> <li>Unique factorization domains</li> <li>Polynomial rings that are U.F.D.'s</li> <li>Irreducibility Criteria</li> </ul>	10 TH +2 TUT
	<ul> <li>Modules and submodule</li> <li>Quotient modules</li> <li>Free modules</li> <li>Module homomorphism</li> <li>Tortion free modules</li> </ul>	
specific experiential learnin through field work	Guidance/Discussion on course	1 TH 60=48 TH + 12TUT

- 4. Rings and Modules by C. Musili, Narosa Publishing House(Second edition),2001.
- 5. Abstract Algebra by Dummit and Foote, John Wiley and Sons(Third edition), 2003.
- 6. Basic Abstract Algebra by Jain and Bhattacharya, Cambridge University Press (Second edition), 2003.

# Course Code: 19ScMatP204 **Course Name: Linear Algebra**

**Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week** 

**Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks** 

Prerequisites: Matrix, Vector spaces, Basis and dimension, Linear transform, Inner product.

Course Objectives: To study

- Basis and dimension of vector spaces
- Matrix of linear transforms
- The reduction of matrices to triangular and canonical forms
- Metric vector spaces

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Find basis and dimension of vector spaces
- Find matrix of linear transform
- Reduce matrix to triangular form
- Reduce matrix to Jordan canonical form
- Find matrix of bilinear, quadratic and Hermitian form

#### **Course Contents:**

Chapter 1	Vector spaces	12 TH + 3 TUT
	<ul> <li>Definitions and examples</li> </ul>	
	Subspaces	
	Basis and dimension	
Chapter 2	Linear mapping and matrices	12 TH + 3 TUT
	Linear mapping	
	Quotient spaces	
	<ul> <li>Vector spaces of linear mapping</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Linear mapping and matrices</li> </ul>	
	Change of basis	
	• Rank of linear mapping	
	• Decomposition of vector space	
Chapter 3	Reduction of matrices to canonical forms	12 TH + 3 TUT

Credit: 04

End-Sem: 50 Marks

	<ul> <li>Eigenvectors and eigenvalues</li> <li>Triangularization of a matrix</li> <li>Jordan canonical form</li> </ul>	
Chapter 4	<ul> <li>Metric vector spaces</li> <li>Bilinear forms</li> <li>Symmetric bilinear forms</li> <li>Quadratic forms</li> <li>Hermitian forms</li> <li>Euclidean vector space</li> <li>Canonical representation of unitary operator</li> <li>Euclidean spaces</li> </ul>	<u>11 TH + 3 TUT</u>
Guidance/Discussion on co Throughfield work	ourse specific experiential learning	1 TH
	TOTAL	60 = 48 TH + 12 TUT

- 1. First Course in Linear Algebra by P. B. Bhattacharya, S. R. Nagpaul, S. K. Jain, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
- 2. University algebra by N. S. Gopalakrishnan, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., 2018.
- 3. Linear Algebra by <u>Vikas</u>Bist and <u>Vivek Sahai</u>, Narosa Publishing House, 2001.

# Course Code: 19ScMatP205 **Course Name: Partial Differential Equations**

Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week

**Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks** 

Prerequisites: Continuity, Integration, Partial derivative, Curves and surfaces, Solution of systems of differential equations

#### Course Objectives: To study

- First and second order linear partial differential equations
- Heat and wave equations
- Boundary value problems
- Heat conduction problems

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Solve first and second order linear partial differential equations using various methods
- Solve boundary value problems

#### **Course Contents:**

Chapter 1	First order partial differential equations	16 TH + 4 TUT
	<ul> <li>Classification of integrals</li> <li>Linear equations of first order</li> <li>Pfaffian differential equations</li> <li>Compatible systems</li> <li>Charpit's method</li> <li>Jacobi's method</li> <li>Integral surfaces through a given curve</li> <li>Quasi linear equation</li> <li>Nonlinear first order P.D.E.</li> </ul>	
Chapter 2	Second order partial differential equations	31 TH + 8 TUT
	<ul> <li>Classification of second order partial differential equations</li> <li>One dimensional wave equation</li> <li>Laplace equation</li> <li>Boundary value problems</li> </ul>	

End-Sem: 50 Marks

Credit: 04

	• The Cauchy problem	
	• Dirichlet and Neumann problem	
	• Harnack's theorem	
	Heat conduction problem	
	Duhamel's principle	
	• Classification in the case of n-variables	
	• Families of equipotential surfaces	
	• Kelvin's inversion theorem	
Guidance/Discussion on course specific experiential learning		1 TH
through field work		
	TOTAL	60 = 48 TH + 12 TUT

- 1. An elementary course in Partial Differential Equations by T. Amaranth, Narosa Publishing House (Second edition), 2008.
- 2. Elements of Partial Differential Equations by I. N. Sneddon, Mc-Graw Hill book company, 2006.
- 3. Ordinary and partial differential equations by M. D. Raisinghania, S. Chand and Co. (Eighteenth Edition), 1976.

# Course Code: 19ScMat206 Course Name: Integral Equation and Transforms

**Teaching Scheme: TH: 4 Hours/Week** 

Credit: 04

#### **Examination Scheme: CIA: 50 Marks**

End-Sem: 50 Marks

#### **Prerequisites:**

Integration, Differentiation, Ordinary differential equations, Initial value problems.

#### Course Objectives: To study

- Classification of integral equations.
- Methods to solve Fredholm integral equations.
- Methods to solve Volterra integral equations.
- Methods to solve singular integral equations.
- Methods to solve non-linear integral equations.
- Methods to obtain Fourier and Laplace transforms.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to-

- Classify integral equations.
- Solve Fredholm integral equations.
- Solve Volterra integral equations.
- Solve singular integral equations.
- Solve non-linear integral equations.
- Obtain Fourier and Laplace transforms.
- Solve differential and integral equations using Fourier and Laplace transforms.

Chapter 1	Classification of linear integral equations	6 TH + 1 TUT
	• Fredholmintegral equations	
	• Volterra integral equations	
	• Integro-differential equations	
	• Singular integral equations	
	• Converting Volterra integral equation to ordinary differential equation	
	• Conversion of initial value problem to Volterra integral equation	
	• Conversion of BVP to Fredholm	

	equation	
Chapter 2	Fredholm integral equations	6 TH + 2TUT
	Decomposition method	
	Modified decomposition method	
	• Direct computation method	
	• Successive approximation method	
	• Successive substitution method	
	Homogeneous Fredholm integral	
	equations	
	Comparison between alternative	
	methods	
Chapter 3	Volterra integral equations	6 TH + 2 TUT
	Decomposition method	
	Modified decomposition method	
	• Series solution method	
	• Converting Volterra integral equation	
	to initial value problem	
	Successive approximation method	
	Successive substitution method	
	Comparison between alternative	
	methods	
Chapter 4	Integro-differential equations	6 TH + 1 TUT
	Introduction	
	<ul> <li>Direct computation method</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Decomposition method</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Converting to Fredholm integral</li> </ul>	
	equation	
	• Volterra integro-differential equations	
	series solution method	
	Conversion to initial value problem	
Chapter 5	Singular integral equations	5 TH+ 1 TUT
	Abel problem	
	Generalized Abel integral equation	
	Weakly-singular Volterra equations	
Chapter 6	Nonlinear integral equations	6 TH+ 1 TUT
	• Nonlinear Fredholm integral equations	
	• Direct computation method	
	<ul> <li>Decomposition method</li> </ul>	
	• Nonlinear Volterra integral equation	
	• Series solution method	
	<ul> <li>Decomposition method</li> </ul>	
	• Existence and uniqueness of solutions	
	using fixed point theorem in case of	
	linear and nonlinear Volterra and	
	Fredholm integral equations	
Chapter 7	Fourier transforms	6 TH+ 2 TUT

	<ul> <li>Definition, Properties and evaluation of Fourier and inverse Fourier transforms of functions</li> <li>Convolution theorem for Fourier transforms</li> <li>Sine and cosine Fourier transforms</li> <li>Solving differential equations and integral equations using Fourier transforms</li> </ul>	
Chapter 8	Laplace transforms	6 TH+ 2 TUT
	<ul> <li>Definition, Properties and evaluation of Laplace transforms.</li> <li>Convolution theorem for Laplace transforms</li> <li>Solving differential equation and integral equation using Laplace transforms.</li> </ul>	
Guidance/Discussion on course specific experiential learning through field work		1 TH
	TOTAL	60= 48TH + 12TUT

- 1. A First course in integral equations by A.M. Wazwaz, World Scientific, 1997.
- 2. Introduction to Integral Equations with Applications by A.J. Jerri, Wiley Interscience

(Second edition), New York, 1999.